AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1-35 (Canceled)

36. (New) A method of forming a homeotropic twisted nematic mode liquid crystal display (LCD) device, comprising:

forming a first alignment film on a first substrate, the first alignment film having at least two domains having different alignment directions in each of the two domains;

forming a second alignment film on a second substrate having the same alignment direction in each of the two domains; and

disposing a liquid crystal layer between the first and second substrates, the liquid crystal layer having a twist angle of about 40 to 90 degrees and a tilt angle of about 80 to 90 degrees.

37. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein the first alignment film has a low anchoring energy.

38. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein at least one of the first and second alignment films includes a photo-alignment film.

39. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein the first alignment film includes a photo-alignment film.

40. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein second alignment film includes an organic film.

41. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein the second alignment film includes an inorganic film.

42. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein the first alignment film is irradiated with light.

43. (New) The method of claim 42, wherein the first alignment film is irradiated at least twice with light.

44. (New) The method of claim 40, wherein the second alignment film is rubbed.

45. (New) The method of claim 41, wherein the second alignment film is rubbed.

46. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein the tilt angle is controlled by adjusting an alignment direction of the liquid crystal layer.

47. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein the liquid crystal layer includes a chiral dopant.

48. (New) The method of claim 47, wherein the twist angle is controlled by adjusting a type of chiral dopant.

49. (New) The method of claim 47, wherein the twist angle is controlled by adjusting a concentration of chiral dopant.

50. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein the tilt angle is greater than 80 degrees.

51. (New) The method of claim 36, wherein the twist angle is greater than 40 degrees.

52. (New) A method of forming a homeotropic twisted nematic mode liquid crystal display (LCD) device, comprising:

forming a first alignment film on a first substrate, the first alignment film having at least two domains having different alignment direction in each of the two domains;

forming a second alignment film on a second substrate having the same alignment direction in each of the two domains; and

disposing a liquid crystal layer between the first and second substrates.

53. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the first alignment film has a low anchoring energy.

54. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein at least one of the first and second alignment films includes a photo-alignment film.

55. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the first alignment film includes a photo-alignment film.

56. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the second alignment film is an organic film.

57. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the second alignment film is an inorganic film.

58. (New) The method of claim 55, wherein the first alignment film is irradiated with light.

59. (New) The method of claim 58, wherein the first alignment film is irradiated at least twice with light.

60. (New) The method of claim 56, wherein the second alignment film is rubbed.

61. (New) The method of claim 57, wherein the second alignment film is rubbed.

62. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the tilt angle is controlled by adjusting an alignment direction of the liquid crystal layer.

63. (New) The method of claim 52, wherein the liquid crystal layer includes a chiral dopant.

64. (New) The method of claim 63, wherein the twist angle is controlled by adjusting a type of the chiral dopant.

65. (New) The method of claim 63, wherein the twist angle is controlled by adjusting a concentration of the chiral dopant.

66. (New) The method of claim 63, wherein the twist angle of about 40 to 90 degrees.

67. (New) The method of claim 63, wherein the tilt angle of about 80 to 90 degrees.

68. (New) A method of forming a homeotropic twisted nematic mode liquid crystal display (LCD) device, comprising:

forming a first alignment film on a first substrate, the first alignment film having at least two domains having different alignment direction in each of the two domains;

forming a second alignment film on a second substrate having the same alignment direction in each of the two domains; and

disposing a liquid crystal layer between the first and second substrates, the liquid crystal layer having a twist angle of about 40 to 90 degrees and a tilt angle of about 80 to 90 degrees;

wherein at least one of the first and second alignment films is a photo-alignment film.

69. (New) The method of claim 68, wherein the twist angle is greater than 40 degrees.

70. (New) The method of claim 68, wherein the tilt angle is greater than 80 degrees.